Actuele kunst 2

10 januari Metamodernism

17 januari Conceptuele kunst. Postmodernism

24 januari Land art/ Anti art

31 januari Political art

7 februari Performance art

14 februari Feminisme

21 februari Examen

+ Jan Dibbets, Dan Graham,

Actuele kunst 2

Land art/ Anti art

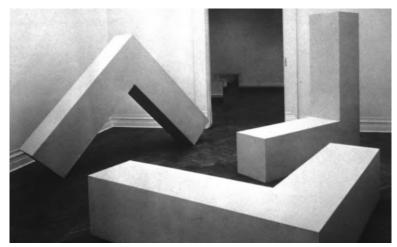
Les 1

Les 1

Anti form







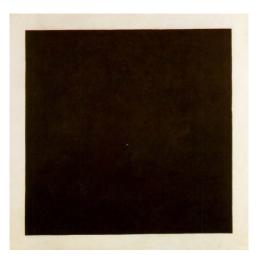
Robert Morris, Untitled (L-Beams), 1965, originally plywood, later versions made in fiberglass and stainless steel, 8 x 8 x 2'



Beyond Brancusi: The Space of Sculpture, Apr 26, 2013 — Jan 06, 2014, Norton Simon Museum, Passadena.



Robert Morris, Untitled, 1969, vilt, 182,9 x 365,8 cm, Norton Simon Museum, Passadena.



Kasimir Malevich, Zwart vierkant op witte grond, 1915 (door Malevich geantidateerd op 1913), Tretjakow-Galerie, Moskau.



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Robert Morris, Untitled, 1969, vilt, 182,9 x 365,8 cm, Norton Simon Museum, Passadena.



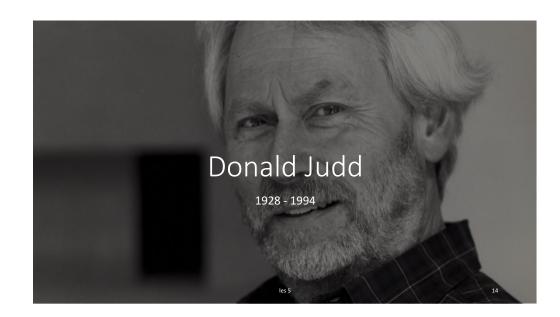
Robert Morris, Untitled, 1969, vilt, 182,9 x 365,8 cm, Norton Simon Museum, Passadena.



Robert Morris, *Untitled* (1970). From the exhibition: Less is More: Minimal and Post-Minimal Art in Australia Heide Museum of Modern Art. *Source:* The Australian







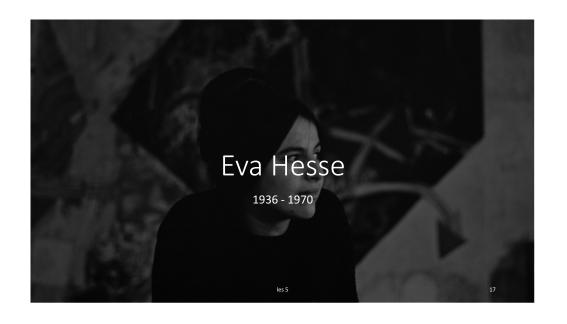


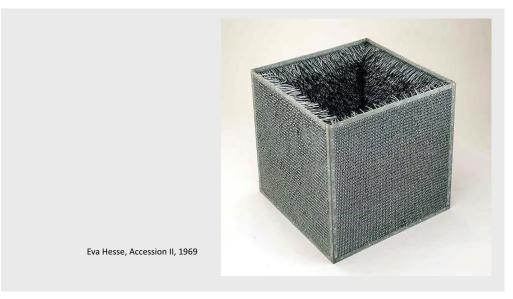


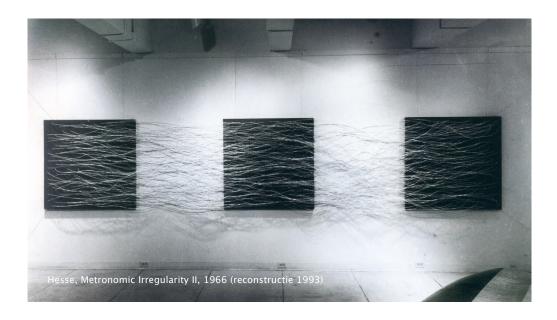


Donald Judd - Untitled 1969

Marfa Texas (1998) | Documentary Short





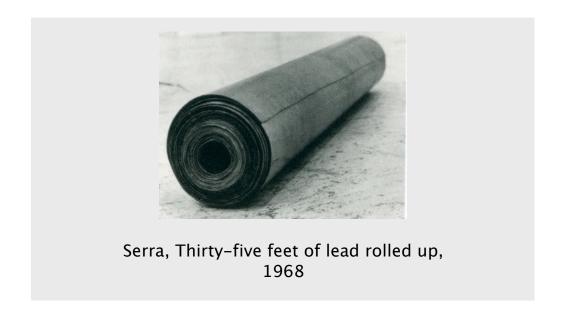


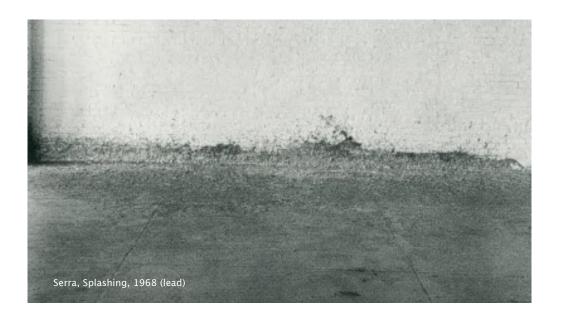










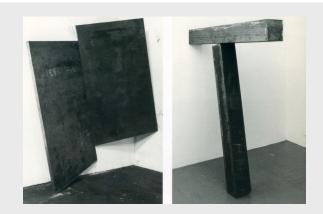








Serra, one ton prop, House of cards, 1969



Serra, Stella's dilemma, 1987 en Square level, 1987



Serra, Spine, 1988 en Stand Point, 1987



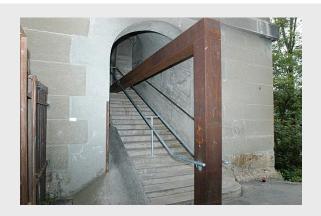
Serra, T-Junction, 1988



Serra, Maillart extended 1988 (1)



Serra, Maillart extended, 1988



Serra, Maillart extended 2, 1988



Serra, Sub-tend 60°, 1988



Serra, Elevation for Mies, 1985-88 (Krefeld)





Serra, Sea Level, 1988-96, Zeewolde



Serra, Tilted Arc, 1981-89, Federal Plaza, New York



Serra, Tilted Arc



Serra, clara-clara, 1983

Serra, Clara-Clara, 1983







Serra, Fulcrum, 1987



Serra,Octagon for Saint Eloi, 1991

Serra, The drowned and the saved, 1992



Serra, Running Arcs, 1992



Serra Torque, 1992 (1)







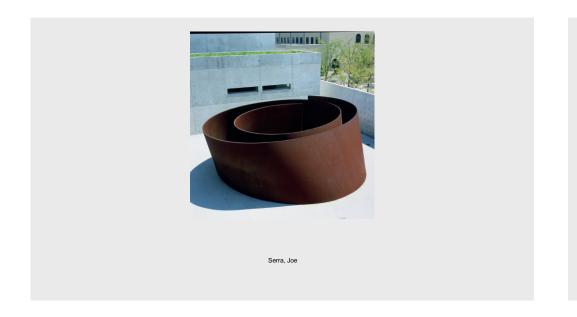
Serra, Snake, 1996



Serra, Double torqued ellipse, 1998 (2)



Serra, Double torqued ellipse II, 1998





Serra, Torques



Serra, Promenade, Monumenta







Site construction, Robert Morris, Observatory, 1971, Velsen







Land Art







ROSALIND KRAUSS (B. 194



CONSTANTIN BRANCUSI LE COMMENCEMENT DU MON

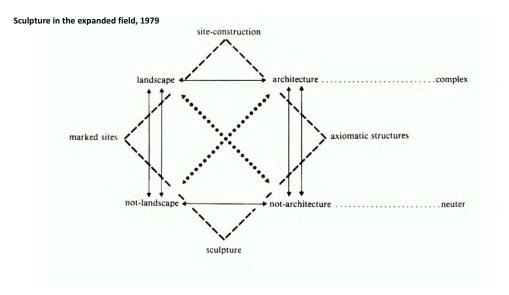
ROSALIND KRAUSS

Toward the center of the field there is a slight mound, a swelling in the earth, which is the only warning given for the presence of the work. Closer to it, the large square face of the pit can be seen, as can the ends of the ladder that is needed to descend into the excavation. The work itself is thus entirely below grade: half atrium, half tunnel, the boundary between outside and in, a delicate structure of wooden posts and beams. The work, Perimeters/Pavilions/Decoys, 1978, by Mary Miss, is of course a sculpture or, more precisely, an earthwork.

Over the last ten years rather surprising things have come to be called sculpture: narrow corridors with TV monitors at the ends; large photographs documenting country hikes; mirrors placed at strange angles in ordinary rooms; temporary lines cut into the floor of the desert. Nothing, it would seem, could possibly give to such a motley of effort the right to lay claim to whatever one might mean by the category of sculpture. Unless, that is, the category can be made to become almost infinitely malleable.

The critical operations that have accompanied postwar American art have properly a state of this manipulation. In the hands of this criticism of this pour and painting have been kneaded and stretched and twisted in an extraordinary demonstration of elasticity, a display of the way a cultural term can be extended to include just about anything. And though this















Land art

- Ook wel Earth Art of Earth Works
- Ontstaan vanuit ondermeer conceptualisme, minimalisme en arte povera
- Vanaf de late jaren '60 voorzagen kunstenaars natuurlijke landschappen van sculpturen en aanpassingen
- Vaak met ter plaatse gevonden materialen
- Monumentaal van aard
- Viel samen met groeiende belangstelling voor ecologie en toenemende kritiek op overdadig consumentisme en kapitalisme
- Walter De Maria, Sol LeWitt, Richard Serra, Robert Smithson, Richard Heizer, James Turrell, Richard Long, Andy Goldsworthy, Dennis Oppenheim, Christo

What is Land Art? Transforming nature into monumental artworks

(youtube)

Land Art: celebrating the work of Michael Heizer, Robert Smithson and Walter De Maria

(youtube)

(voutube)















'Mound Builders People' – Serpent Mound– ca.900 – 1200 (Ohio, VS)

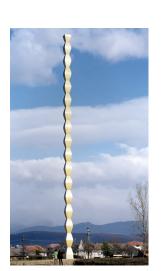
Brancusi, de slapende muse, 1909-1910

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les 6

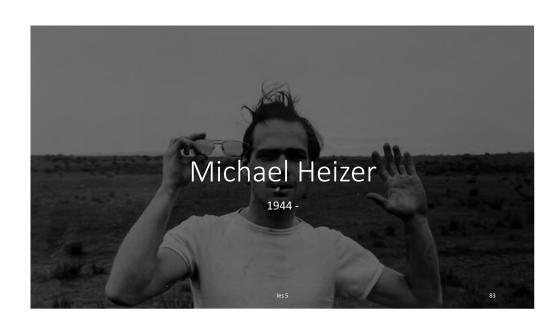


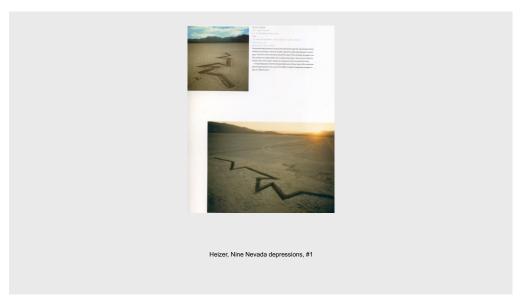






Constantin Brancusi, De eindeloze zuil, 1937 - '38, Târgu Jiu.









Heizer, Double Negative, 1969-70







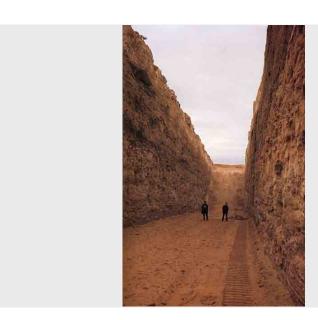
Double Negative was constructed by Michael Heizer in the Nevada desert in 1969. It consists of two long straight trenches, 9m wide and 15m deep, cut into the "tabletop" of Mormon Mesa, displacing 240,000 tons of desert sandstone. The cuts face each other across an indentation in the plateaus' scalloped perimeter, forming a continuous image, a thick linear volume that bridges and combines the "negative" space between them.
https://www.moca.org/exhibition/michael-heizer-double-negative-1969

<u>Double negative, aerial views near sunset</u> (youtube)











Michael Heizer – Levitated Mass 2012

Levitated Mass is a 2012 large-scale public art sculpture by Michael Heizer at Resnick North Lawn at the Los Angeles County Museum of Art. The installation consists of a 340-ton boulder sculpture placed above a 456-foot viewing pathway to accommodate 360-degree viewing. The nature, expense and scale of the installation attracted discussion within the public art world, and its notable 106-mile transit from the Jurupa Valley Quarry in Riverside County was widely covered by the media.

les 6







MICHAEL HEIZER (B. 1944) CITY 1972-ONGOING GARDEN VALLEY, LINCOLN, NEVADA













Smithson, Asphalt Rundown, 1969

Smithson, Partially Buried Woodshed, 1970 (site construction)









A Monument to paradox and transience (website)

Spiral Jetty 1970 extraction movie (youtube)

Robert Smithson, Spiral Jetty (youtube)

Spiral Jetty: great art explained (youtube)







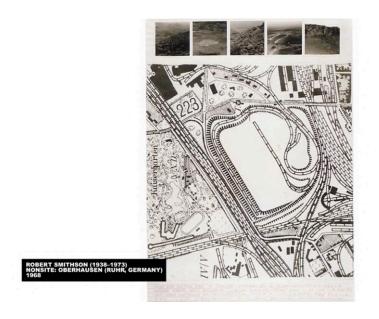




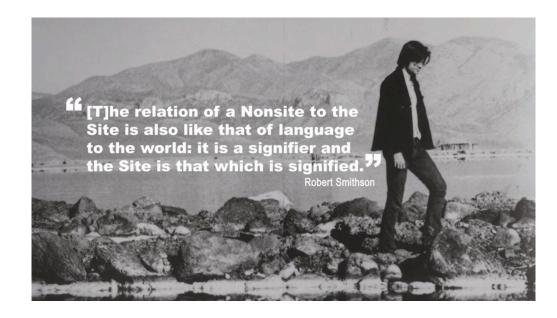




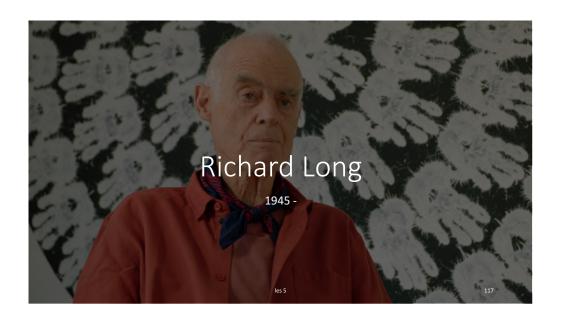










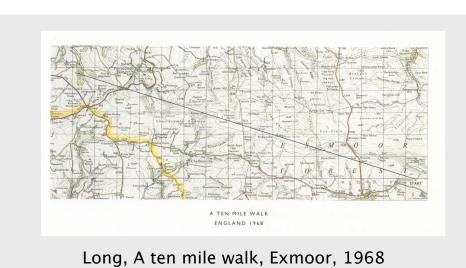




"Nature has always been recorded by artists, from prehistoric cave paintings to twentieth-century landscape photography. I too wanted to make nature the subject of my work, but in new ways. I started working outside using natural materials like grass and water, and this evolved into the idea of making a sculpture by walking ...

My first work made by walking ...
My first work made by walking in 1967, was a straight line in a grass field, which was also my own path, going 'nowhere'. In the subsequent early map works, recording very simple but precise walks on Exmoor and Dartmoor, my intention was to make a new art which was also a new way of walking: walking as art." Richard Long

Richard Long – A line made by walking 1967





Long, A walk by all roads and lanes touching or crossing an imaginary circle, 1977

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Long, Brittany Circle, 1986















Long, Red Mud Hand Circle, 1987







Long A Moved Line in Japan, 1983



Nancy Holt

1938 - 2014



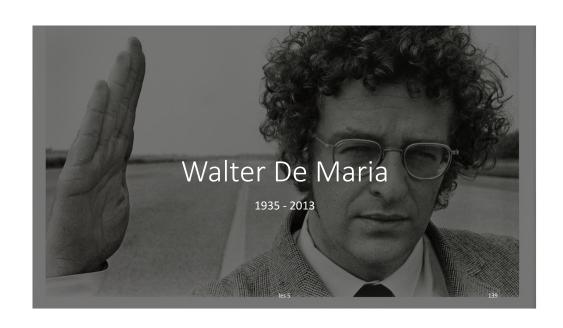






















Walter De Maria – lightning field 1977

The Lightning Field (1977), by the American sculptor Walter De Maria, is a work of Land Art situated in a remote area of the high desert of western New Mexico. It is comprised of 400 polished stainless-steel poles installed in a grid array measuring one mile by one kilometer. The poles—two inches in diameter and averaging 20 feet, 7½ inches in height—are spaced 220 feet apart and have solid, pointed tips that define a horizontal plane. A sculpture to be walked in as well as viewed, The Lightning Field is intended to be experienced over an extended period of time. A full experience of The Lightning Field does not depend upon the occurrence of lightning, and visitors are encouraged to spend as much time as possible in the field, especially during sunset and sunrise.

https://diaart.org/visit/visit-our-locationssites/walter-de-maria-the-lightning-field

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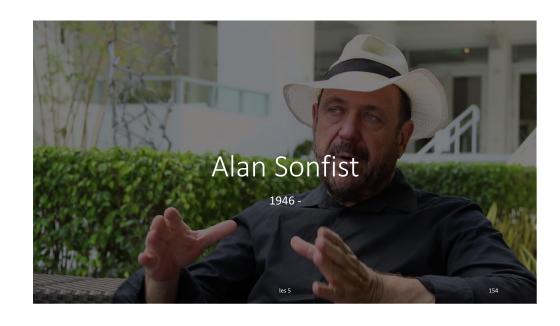
























James Turrell - Roden Crater (1975, unfinished)

Artist James Turrell acquired the 400,000-year-old, 3-mille-wide (4.8 km) crater's land for a land art project. Turrell has since been transforming the inner cone of the crater into a massive naked-eye observatory, designed specifically for viewing and experiencing sky-light, solar, and celestial phenomena. The Dia Art Foundation is continuing to advocate for the development of James Turrell's Roden Crater project in the Painted Desert in Arizona which was begun in the 1970s with Dia's support. James Turrell, who purchased the Roden Crater in 1979, had plans to open the crater for public viewing in 2011, but now has tentatively set the opening for 2024.

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Roden_Crater

James Turrell: why is his art so captivating and Mesmerizing (youtube) James Turrell's Roden Crater (youtube) James Turrell you who look at (youtube) James Turrell – Guggenheim (website)

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